Teacher Notes

Stage 10, Unit 1: Investigating properties of shapes

Check in

The following boarding card is intended to check that your students have a secure grasp of the knowledge required for this unit, with the intention of it being used diagnostically rather than as a summative test:

- Understand and work with similar shapes
- Solve linear equations, including those with the unknown in the denominator of a fraction
- Understand and use Pythagoras' theorem

ANSWERS:

- 1 4.5cm
- 2 i) The sides are in the same ratio
- ii) The angles are the same in both triangles
- 3 x = 75
 - y = 30cm
- 4 x = 29
- 5 Y = 7.5
- 6 b=1/2
- 7 The square of the hypotenuse is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides
- 8 2.6cm
- 9 6.9cm (to 1dp)
- 10 i) No The sides do not satisfy Pythagoras' Theorem $a^2 + b^2 \neq c^2$
 - ii) Yes The sides do satisfy Pythagoras' Theorem $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 - iii) Yes The sides do satisfy Pythagoras' Theorem $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 - iv) Yes The sides do satisfy Pythagoras' Theorem $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

Destination: Investigating properties of shapes				Stage 10 Unit 1 take-off
1.	The rectangles ABCD and	d PQRS are similar. Find AB	2 12cm 12cm 5	Name: Things to remember:
2.	Triangles ABC and PQR a PQR.	re similar. State two facts about triangles	ABC and	
3.	The two trapezia are simil angle, x and the missing I	lar. Calculate the missing $\sqrt{\frac{x}{25^{\circ}}}$ scm $\sqrt{\frac{x}{25^{\circ}}}$ y	10cm	
4.	Solve 5x = 145	5. Solve $\frac{2y}{3} = 5$ 6. Solve $\frac{10}{4b} = 5$		
7.	State Pythagoras' Theorem			
8.	In triangle ABC, AB = 10cm, BC = 24cm and angle ABC = 90 \circ . Find AC.		AC.	
9.	In triangle PQR, PQ = 8cm, QR = 4cm and angle PRQ = 90°. Find PR.		R.	
4.	Are the following triangles right-angled? Explain your answer			
	i) 6, 7, 8	ii) 50, 120, 130		
	iii) 15, 20, 25	i∨) 0.6, 0.8, 1		

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